BERITA ICCC INDONESIA Januari 2017



BERITA INTERN UNTUK ANGGOTA DAN KOMUNIKASI BAGI KALANGAN BISNIS DAN PROFESI KRISTEN

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from the desk of National President

Shalom Mitra Tuhan di marketplace, Saya yakin sebagian besar dari kita masih sedang menikmati liburan akhir tahun 2016. Mari kita ucapkan "Selamat tinggal tahun 2016.

Mari kita ucapkan "Selamat tinggal tahun 2016, dan selamat dtang Tahun Baru 2017."

Kami berdoa agar kita semua hidup dalam perkenanan Tuhan, baik dalam ber keluarga juga dalam bisnis kita.

Apa yang kemungkinan besar bisa terjadi di tahun 2017? Tidak seorangpun tahu, namun tidak ada salahny untuk kita bersiap diri, khususnya dalam

kehidupan bisnis dan kerja kita.

Kondisi perekonomian Indonesia pada 2017 dihadapkan dengan berbagai tantangan yang tidak ringan dan bisa mengejutkan, baik dari kalangan domestik maupun yang datang dari efek global. "Kondisi perekonomian global saat ini mengalami perlambatan dengan tren ke bawah, sebagai dampak pemulihan ekonomi global yang masih cenderung lambat dan tidak merata," kata Ronald, Deputi Bank ndonesia (Kompas.com. 2 November 2016).

Ekonomi dunia yang semula diproyeksikan tumbuh 3,5 persen harus dikoreksi menjadi 3 persen yang lebih rendah dibanding tahun lalu 3,1 persen.

Normalisasi kebijakan The Fed berpotensi memicu capital outflows, sehingga dapat menimbulkan tekanan pasar keuangan di kawasan, tak terkecuali Indonesia.

Sementara itu tantangan domestik Indonesia diwarnai dengan pertumbuhan ekonomi yang melambat, defisit fiskal yang diperkirakan masih akan besar, utang luar negeri mengalami kenaikan, serta pertumbhan kredit yang masih rendah dengan diikuti risiko peningkatan kredit bermasalah (Non Performing Loan).

Berdasarkan laporan Indeks Daya Saing Global 2016-2017 dirilis World Economic Forum (WEF), menunjukkan daya saing Indonesia merosot dari peringkat 37 menjadi 41 dari 138 negara.

Apapun tantangannya tahun 2017, sebagai anak Tuhan yang profesional, kita harus siap, peka terhadap suara Tuhan, bekerja maksimal dalam hikmat dan tuntunan Tuhan.

Orang benar tidak pernah meminta-minta roti, melainkan bisa tumbuh menjadi pionir perubahan dalam situasi apapun.

Mitra Tuhan di market place yang luar biasa, mewakili seluruh National Board, kami menyampaikan terimakasih untuk seluruh doa, donasi dan partisipasi anda untuk ICCC-Indonesia (International Christian Chambers of Commerce)

Sampai jumpa di edisi bulan depan ,dan Tuhan Yesus memberkati anda sekeluarga.

Tuhan Yesus memberkati Anda sekeluarga.

Umbu Pekuwali National President ICCC Indonesia www.iccc-indonesia.com

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• MEMBERSHIP FEE

Bagi anda yang ingin bergabung dan member yang akan memperpanjang kartu keanggotaan anda untuk tahun 2017 agar segera menghubung Simon Aditan – V.P. Membership Domain (HP: +62816974647 atau email: simonaditan@yahoo.com

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Membership Fee dapat ditransfer ke rekening ICCC Indonesia atau FORUKIN dibawah ini, dan mengirimkan bukti transfernya dengan fax ke alamat yang tercantum pada halaman pertama kiri bawah dari Newsletter ini:

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The Secret to Success

Dr. Richard D. Patterson

What does it mean to be successful? Many



answers have been proposed. Most commonly it simply refers to seeing things turn out the way they were hoped for or planned. Yet this is not as easy as it seems. Thus one

observer says,

"The sense of success is to: (1) set a long-range goal and (2) be able to relate daily work to it. Too many of us have only a vague idea of what we ultimately want. Even when we do, we do not know how to translate this desire into the necessary short-range steps which will get us there." 1

Various approaches have been suggested. One answer as to the nature of success suggests that,

"Success depends on three things: who says it, what he says, how he says it; and of these three things, what he says is the least important." Still another stresses the appearance of success as the key to becoming successful. Yet even in this we can often find both pleasure and disappointment:

"Most of us will be remembered more for our successes than our failures; but we tend to be more haunted by our failures than comforted by our successes." 4

A necessary key lies in a person's personal character. Thus Beaux points out that, "Character is more important than intelligence for success." Such a viewpoint was reinforced to me by a leader in the business community who, having noted several basic needs in an employee (e.g., adaptability, flexibility, good oral and written communication skills, and the ability to deliver a quality product skills), stressed the primary need for such integrity of character that he or she is honest, trustworthy, and truthful in all dealings. An additional insight is given by the well-known Conrad

Hilton. Having given nine rules for "successful living," he added a capstone tenth rule: "Pray consistently and confidently." ⁶
In what follows we shall examine several examples of success as recorded in the Bible. We shall begin with the successes of two well-known Godly servants in the Old Testament.

Two Early Examples of Godly Success

The two examples here are men who were successful because they served the Lord wholeheartedly. The first is Joseph. Because his father Jacob had sired Joseph in his old age, the first to whom his favorite wife Rachel had given birth, Joseph was a favorite son. Joseph proved to be a trusting, faithful young man whom the Lord blessed, much to the dismay of his brothers. It would appear that Joseph had inherited some very basic, yet important, spiritual qualities from the great spiritual patriarchs before him: from Abraham, a commitment to God and a faithfulness that could stand the test of adversity; from Isaac, an underlying spiritual sensitivity that would make him subservient to the divine will even in the face of death. Joseph also gained from his father Jacob a steadfastness that would give him the capacity both for hard work and outright rejection from others. These were to prove to serve Joseph well.

Due to their growing hatred his brothers found an opportunity to sell Joseph into slavery. Joseph wound up in the service of one Potiphar ("given of[the god] Ra"), an officer of the Egyptian Pharaoh. From Joseph's subsequent experiences, two spiritual principles emerge: (1) the person of faith will be tested; (2) the Lord will give the faithful one an opportunity to exercise that faith. Even in his slavery Joseph continued to be faithful to the Lord. Accordingly,

The LORD was with Joseph. He was successful and lived in the household of his Egyptian master. His master observed that the LORD was with him and the LORD made everything he was doing successful. So Joseph found favor

in his sight and became his personal attendant. Potiphar appointed Joseph overseer of his household and put him in charge of everything he owned. (Gen. 39:2-4)⁷

Testing was to come, however. For soon the handsome young Joseph was repeatedly approached by Potiphar's wife, who wished to be intimate with him. But Joseph repeatedly refused her due to his spiritual insight and integrity, as well as his allegiance to Potiphar. On one occasion, however, she managed to grab Joseph and rip off his outer garment, which he left "in her hand and ran outside" (Gen. 39:12). In retaliation she used his garment as supposed evidence of Joseph's aggression against her, saying to her husband, "That Hebrew slave you brought to us tried to humiliate me" (v. 18). When he heard this, Potiphar was "furious." One wonders whether Potiphar's anger was against Joseph or due to his frustration with his wife. Nevertheless, to placate his wife he had Joseph put into prison. Poor Joseph thus once again found himself a prisoner. Here, however, the Lord's favor brought him such success with the prison warden that all of the other prisoners were placed under Joseph's administration (vv. 21-22). Indeed.

"The warden did not concern himself with anything that was in Joseph's care because the LORD was with him and whatever he was doing the LORD was making successful." (v. 23)

Even greater success lay ahead for Joseph, for God had given to him the ability to interpret dreams (cf. Gen. 37:5-11). It is not surprising, then, that an occasion came for Joseph to interpret the dreams of two of Pharaoh's officials who had fallen into disfavor with him. And Joseph's interpretations came true (Gen. 40:5-23). One of the officials, the king's cupbearer, was restored to Pharaoh's service and so was available when Pharaoh had a pair of troubling dreams. Because none of the king's diviners or wise men were able to interpret the dreams, the cupbearer recommended that Pharaoh summon Joseph. Because of his God-given ability to interpret

dreams, Joseph successfully interpreted Pharaoh's dreams (Gen. 41:14-36) and was promoted to be the second most powerful ruler in Egypt (Gen. 41:37-45).

Joseph truly had become "successful." But it was not for Joseph alone that the Lord had given trustworthy Joseph such success. When the predicted seven years of famine, which Joseph had foreseen in Pharaoh's dreams cf. Gen. 41:27) came to pass, Joseph's elevation to power became the means for bringing his people to Egypt (Gen. 42-47). Joseph's entire family was delivered from the great famine, which in time would become a great nation—a nation that God would redeem and return to the land of promise (Ps. 105:42-45). Thus individual success can become the basis for meeting successfully the needs of others. The second person is the prophet Daniel. Daniel (together with three friends) was taken captive in the first Babylonian invasion of Judah in 605 B.C. Daniel's spiritual and moral integrity and trustworthiness soon became evident to his captors. Moreover, the Lord had given Daniel the ability to interpret dreams. which enabled him to achieve great success in the court of King Nebuchadnezzar (e.g., Dan. 2,4), including the king's recognition and praise of "The King of heaven, for all his deeds are right and his ways are just" (Dan. 4:37; cf. 2:47). A most extraordinary example of Daniel's success occurred later during the time of King Belshazzar. Belshazzar was probably the grandson of Nebuchanezzar and served as coregent with his father Nabonidus (556-39 B.C.), who spent a great deal of time away from Babylon.

On the night of October 12, 539 B.C. Nabonidus had prepared a great feast for his nobles, in spite of the fact that the invading Persians had camped outside the city walls. When Belshazzar ordered the sacred drinking vessels of the Hebrews that Nebuchanezzar had taken from Jerusalem during the capture of the city, as the king and his wives and concubines drank from them, the fingers of a hand appeared and wrote on the wall. Neither he nor his wise men were able to decode the message. At that time

the queen mother came into the banquet hall and learning of the situation advised Belshazzar to summon Daniel. Having reproved the king for drinking from the Hebrews' holy vessels, Daniel read the message: "MENE, MENE, TEQEL and PHARSIN" (Dan. 5:25).

It should be noted that the wise men probably could read what had appeared, but did not understand it. Daniel not only read the writing (which itself read simply, "62"; cf. Dan. 5:30) but interpreted in terms of the internationally known Aramaic: "Numbered, weighed, and divided" (vv. 26-28). Accordingly, Daniel once again achieved great success, being proclaimed: "Third ruler in the kingdom" (v. 29). True to his interpretation, Babylon fell to the invading Persians under King Cyrus that very night (vv. 30-31) and King Belshazzar was killed. 9 Daniel's success was to continue even into the era of Persian dominance. Like Joseph, Daniel was faithful and wholeheartedly committed to the Lord. Both were indeed men of spiritual and moral integrity as God's chosen servants. In what follows, we shall explore several keys to godly success as indicated in the Scriptures.

Old Testament Keys to Godly Success

Perhaps a good place to begin our discussion of biblical keys to success is the advice of Moses to his fellow Hebrews as he drew closer to his final days;

Look! I have set before you today life and prosperity on the one hand, and death and disaster on the other. What I am commanding you today is to love the LORD your God, to walk in his ways, and to obey his commandments statutes, and his ordinances. Then you will become numerous and the LORD your God will bless you in the land which you are about to possess. (Deut. 30:15-16) Simply put, Moses was telling them to demonstrate their faith in God by willingly obeying his commandments and standards for them. This will enable the people destined for the Promised Land to achieve success not only

to enter the land but to experience God's further blessings as they dwell there. Failure to do so, however, would lead to inevitable disaster (vv. 17-18). As Merrill observes, "The options are most clear. Acceptance and obedience would bring life and prosperity (lit., "good"), but rejection and disobedience would result in death and destruction (lit., "bad" or "harm"). 10 Accordingly, Moses implores the people,

I also call on you to love the LORD your God, to obey him and be loyal to him, for he gives you life and enables you to live continually in the land the LORD promised to give to your ancestors Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. (v. 20)11 Although these words were directed at God's Old Testament people, are they any less relevant to God's people today as they live under the New Covenant? Absolutely not! For the Lord Jesus similarly challenged his followers, "If you love me, you will obey my commandments" (John 14:15). Success begins with a life of full faith in and faithfulness to the Lord and his standards. Then we, too, shall live with godly success in the place of God's choosing.

Indeed, such has always been the case for God's people. Thus Moses' challenge was reinforced by no less than God when he revealed himself to Joshua as the people prepared to enter the Promised Land:

Make sure you are very strong and brave! Carefully obey all the law my servant Moses charged you to keep! Do not swerve from it to the right or to the left, so that you may be successful in all you do. This law scroll must not leave your lips! You must memorize it day and night so you can carefully obey all that is written in it. Then you will prosper and be successful. (Josh. 1:7-8)

It was necessary for Joshua live obediently to the Lord and his commandments, even as Moses had declared. They were not just to be read but to be so internalized and followed that they became a way of life. The challenge of conquering the land would take not only full dependence on the Lord's and guidance but Joshua's own strength and extreme personal courage.

The combination of strength and courage is one that is echoed throughout the Scriptures (e.g., Josh. 10:24-25; 2 Sam. 10:12; 1 Chron. 19:13; 2 Chron. 15:7; 32:7-8; Isa. 35:4; 1 Cor. 16:13). 12 For example, the author of Kings records David's challenge to his son Solomon, to whom he would leave his kingship: When David was close to death, he told Solomon his son: "I am about to die. Be strong and become a man! Do the job the LORD your God has assigned you by following his instructions and obeying his rules, commandments, regulations, and laws as written in the law of Moses. Then you will succeed in all you do and seek to accomplish." (1 Kings 2:1-3)

As Austel observes, "The basic injunction for Solomon was that he should conduct himself in his personal life and in his role as leader of God's people, in accordance with God's word (cf. also <u>Deut. 17:18-20</u>). He was to be strong and show himself a man." Paul House adds "According to David, Solomon will only 'Be strong' and a 'man' if he keeps the Mosaic covenant. He must take great pains to 'observe' what God demands." 4

Indeed, Solomon's success would be attested in many areas (see, e.g., 1 Kings 10:14-29). Among these the most significant and well known, however, is his building of the Temple of the Lord (1 Kings 6:1-37). This was accomplished in accordance with the charge and sage advice his father David had given him; in this as in all areas Solomon's success would come with living faithfully and using his God-given wisdom in dull submission to the Lord and his law: Now, my son, may the LORD be with you! May you succeed and build a temple for the LORD your God, just as he announced you would. Only may the LORD give you insight and understanding when he places you in charge of Israel, so you may obey the law of the LORD your God. Then you will succeed, if you carefully obey the rules and

regulations which the LORD ordered Moses to give to Israel. (1 Chron. 22:11-13) Selman suggests further that David "extends the connection between covenant and by stressing the need to obey God's word, whether in prophecy (v. 11) or Mosaic Law (vv. 12-13). The temple is to symbolize Solomon's obedience to the Mosaic as well as the Davidic covenant." 15 Unfortunately, however, although Solomon was given great wisdom and great worldly success, that very success was to lead him to a spiritual failure that would have drastic effects upon his later reign and his nation (cf. 1 Kings 11:1-13). Would that Solomon had followed his father David's advice: Trust in the LORD and do what is right! Settle in the land and maintain your integrity! Then you will take delight in the LORD, and he will answer your prayers. Commit your future to the LORD! Trust in him and he will act on your behalf.

Wait patiently for the LORD! Wait confidently for him! (Ps. 37:3-5, 7) Would that Solomon had followed his own advice:

Trust in the LORD with all your heart, and do not rely on your own understanding. Acknowledge him in all your ways, and he will make your ways straight. (Prov. 3:5-6)

Solomon should have realized that true and lasting success comes from a whole-soul faith, commitment to the Lord, and obedience to his Word.

Returning to Joshua, it is instructive to note that Joshua was successful in leading the people to occupy the Promised Land due to his faith and faithfulness, and the Lord's guidance and strength. Moses would indeed have been so pleased with Joshua's bringing the Israelites successfully into the land in accordance with the Lord's strength and guidance, for in his well-known song he had expressed his belief that the Lord would surely one day guide his people "by your strength to your holy dwelling"

place" (Exod. 15:13). It was Joshua's faith in the Lord that was to give him strength and bring him spiritual success throughout the remainder of his life. Therefore, in his farewell address he could challenge the people to trust in the Lord and keep his commandments: Be very strong! Carefully obey all that is written in the law scroll of Moses so you won't swerve from it to the right or the left.... But vou must be loval to the LORD your God, as you have been to this day. (Josh. 23:6, 8) In addition to obedience to the Lord and his commandments and standards, a third key to true success lies in devotion to God in one's prayer life. An excellent example may be seen in Abraham's servant whom he sent to search for a proper bride for his son Isaac. Having arrived in the city of Nahor, he stopped at the city's water supply. There he prayed, "O LORD, God of my master Abraham, guide me today. Be faithful to my master Abraham" (Gen. 24:12). Before he finished his prayer, the young lady who was destined to be Isaac's future wife appeared with her water jug on her shoulder (v. 15). His prayer was indeed answered and in accordance with Abraham's original confidence (v. 40), he was successful in obtaining Rebekah as Isaac's wife. His journey home was likewise successful and after his arrival, "Isaac brought Rebekah into his mother Sarah's tent. He took her as his wife and loved her" (v. 67). Nehemiah is another example of godliness, for in his life he was a man devoted to prayer. Nehemiah served as the cupbearer to the Persian king Artaxerxes Longimanus (464-424 B.C.). it was a position of responsibility, trust, and influence. Nehemiah was also a man of great courage and fidelity to the Lord. When he learned of the terrible condition in the city of Jerusalem since the fall of the city, he went into a prolonged periods of fasting and prayer, praying earnestly for his people. He also prayed specifically that Artaxerxes would allow him to return to Judah so as to aid the people in rebuilding the city of Jerusalem (cf. Neh. 1:11 with 2:4-8). Because Nehemiah was a righteous man who lived faithfully before the Lord, the Persian king granted his request (2:8a) .16 It all

happened because God in his superintending grace moved the very king who had once halted the rebuilding of the city to have a change of heart. God was in control and answered faithful Nehemiah's prayer. As Nahum said, it happened because, "The good hand of my God was upon me' (Neh. 2:8b).

This was not the only occasion in which Nahum's prayer life is mentioned in the Bible. After he had succeeded in arriving safely in Jerusalem, on a certain night he inspected the conditions throughout the city. Subsequently he encouraged the local officials and citizens there to begin rebuilding the walls of Jerusalem (Neh. 2:11-18). This angered the non-Jewish officials in the area first to deride Nehemiah and his followers and then to threaten them (Neh. 4:1-3, 7-8, 12). Nevertheless, Nehemiah prayed fervently through all of this dangerous period (4:4, 9) so that ultimately the rebuilding of the walls was successfully completed (6:15). Nehemiah remained a living example to all of a man of complete trust in the Lord, while doing his part and being one who was faithful in prayer—even in the face of personal danger. Nehemiah's prayer life is reminiscent of David who when faced with seemingly insurmountable odds at the hands of his enemies, called out in confidence to the Lord (Ps. 17:6-9). Escape from danger is also seen in the Lord's assurance of protection. Thus Isaiah records

No weapon formed against you will succeed and you will refute any accusation raised against you in court.

This is the heritage of the LORD's servants, and their righteousness is from me. (Isa. 54:17;

God's promise concerning a future Israel of sure

deliverance from danger whether military or in

legal affairs:

HCSB)

As Smith appropriately observes this is, "an all-inclusive assurance of God's sovereign control *of* every possible situation that might arise.... His care and protection are complete, so there is no reason for Zion to worry about God's future plans."¹⁷

This should not have been a startling surprise for Isaiah's hearers, for such had been Israel's much earlier experience. Moses recognized and praised God for his protection shortly after Israel's successful exodus from Egypt.

You stretched out you right hand, the earth swallowed them. By your loyal love you will lead the people whom you have redeemed;

you will guide them by your strength to you holy dwelling place. (<u>Exod. 15:12-13</u>)

Yes, Moses declared that it was God who would protect and successfully guide his people into the Promised Land. This, of course, called for Israel's faithfulness and full trust in the Lord (cf. Deut. 5:32, 17:18).

As well, Solomon later admonished his readers,

Trust in the LORD with all your heart, and do not rely on your own understanding. Acknowledge him in all you ways, and he will make your paths straight. (Prov. 3:5-6)

The wise believer would understand that true knowledge comes ultimately from the Lord and brings with it genuine success:

For the LORD gives wisdom, and from his mouth comes knowledge and understanding.

He stores up effective counsel for the upright, and is like a shield for those who live with integrity,

to guard the paths of the righteous and to protect the way of the pious ones. (Prov. 2:6-8; cf. Ps. 50:15)

Accordingly, one may pray on behalf of those who utilize God's wisdom, "May he [the Lord] give you the desires of your heart and make all your plans succeed" (Ps. 20:4; NIV). Solomon's father David had sought the Lord for such wisdom and counsel (cf. Ps. 139:23-24). Indeed, David's life and teachings displayed an active prayer life that expressed full confidence in God's deliverance. Such enabled him to escape many occasions of danger successfully. To be sure David was not perfect but for the greater

span of his life he rested in god's wisdom and guidance for the issues of life.

By way of summarizing these Old Testament keys to success, we note three very vital factors: (1) faithful obedience to the Lord, (2) faithful adherence to his Word and (3) faithful communication with the Lord in a consistent prayer life. Observing these as a threefold key can bring not only spiritual success but the Lord's guidance, protection and a life featured by godly wisdom. All of this would seem to be sufficient. But there is more! The Old Testament affirms that genuine allegiance to the Lord and keeping his standards as well as a living intimacy with him will be followed by success even after one's earthly life is over.

There are several texts that promise a transition to eternal fellowship with God. Thus Job declares:

If a man dies will he live *again*? All the days of my hard service I will wait, TIII my change comes.

You will call, and I will answer You; You will desire the work of Your hands. (<u>Job</u> <u>14:14-14</u>; NKJV; cf. NASB; NLT).

Although he has just discounted the possibility of life after death (vv. 7-12), Job reconsiders such a possibility, a hope that he expresses again a bit later:

After my skin has been destroyed, yet in my flesh I will see God, whom I will see for myself, and my one eyes will behold, and not another. (Job 19:26-27a)

Here Job appears to reassert his hope of seeing God, his Redeemer (cf. v. 25), even after death. As Zuck remarks, "This gazing on God for all eternity will be **with** his **own eyes** (either the eyes of his resurrected body, or figuratively the eyes of his soul)." ¹⁸

Although the meaning and emphases of both passages are hotly debated by scholars, it appears almost certain that Job does have an underlying belief and hope of a life with God after his own physical death. Thus considering both passages together Kaiser concludes,

Job had been assured that just as a tree would sprout again even if it were cut down, So would a man live again (Job 14:7, 14). In fact, he longed for the opportunity to look upon his Redeemer with his own eyes even after the worms had destroyed his body. Several other Old Testament texts tend to point to a belief in immortality for the righteous (e.g., Ps. 49:14-15; 73:23-24). Thus Daniel declares,

Many of those who sleep in the dusty ground will awakesome to everlasting life, and others to shame and everlasting abhorrence.(<u>Dan 12:2</u>)

Here not only is an afterlife clearly declared but the assurance of an everlasting bodily resurrection. As Leon Wood points out, "Both the words used and the general context point rather to the idea of a physical resurrection, that which is literally from the 'ground of dust."²⁰

In addition, Job's hope of immortality (Job 19:25-27) is associated with a strong belief in seeing the Lord, his Redeemer. This may contain a veiled hint of the coming of the Messiah. Archer puts it even more certainly: It is hard to believe that the Hebrew listener would gain any other impression... [i.e., from the Hebrew words] than from [the vantage point of my flesh [or my 'body'] I shall behold God. Taken in this sense, the passage indicates Job's conviction that even after his body has moldered away in the grave, there will come a time in the Last Day—when his divine Redeemer stands on the soil... of this earth that from the vantage point of a postresurrection body he will behold God. 21 Many Old Testament texts speak of the Messiah's birth (e.g., <u>Isa. 7:14</u>; cf. <u>Micah</u> 5:2; Matt. 1:23; 2:6). Some give details of his life and ministry (e.g., <u>Ps. 22:1</u>; cf. 27:46; <u>Ps.</u> 40:6-8, cf. Heb. 10:5-7; Isa. 52:13-53:12; cf. Matt. 8:16-17; 27:57-60), including his resurrection and ascension (e.g., Ps. 16:9-11; cf. Act 2:25-27; Ps. 110:1, 4; cf. Matt. 22:44-45; Heb. 7:21-22). Indeed, the Psalms contain many allusions to the coming Messiah. Some

Psalms nay even be termed "Messianic Psalms" (e.g., Pss. 2; 22; 110). Many can be labeled "essentially messianic" (e.g., Pss. 8; 16; 69; 103; 118). Still others contain comments that are applicable to the coming Messiah (e.g., Pss. 40; 31; 45; 68: 72; 89; 109; 132).

Thus a faithful, believing Israelite's ultimate success lay in the expectant hope of a coming Messiah. It is to that One that we now turn as we consider keys to success that are mentioned in the New Testament.

Success in the New Testament

In the New Testament the word "success" occurs quite infrequently. Nevertheless, success can be seen, for the Lord's apostles and the early believers experienced success on many occasions both in their everyday lives and their ministries. The theme of success permeates the accounts found in the book of Acts and other New Testament writings. For example, Paul expects the Lord's guidance to enable him to come successfully to Rome:

For God, whom I serve in my spirit by preaching the gospel of his Son, is my witness that I continually remember you and I always ask in my prayers, if perhaps now at last I may succeed in visiting you according to the will of God. (Rom. 1:9-10).

The greatest example, of course, is in the life and ministry of the Lord Jesus Christ. In him can be found in perfection the same triad that we saw in the Old Testament. Jesus was the one who was ever obedient to the will of God the Father. Thus on one occasion he himself declared, "My food is to do the will of the one who sent me and to complete his work" (John 4:34; cf. John 5:36-37a), and his life was a living example of doing the Father's will (cf. <u>John 14:10</u>). Indeed, as he approached the time of his crucifixion he could rightly say to the Father "I glorified you on earth by completing the work you gave me to do" (John 17:4). Thus Köstenberger remarks, "When Jesus utters his final prayer, the cross still lies ahead, but by faith, he anticipates the successful completion of his mission."22

Moreover, Jesus often set before people the teaching and importance of the scriptures (cf. <u>Matt. 9:13</u>) and his role in fulfilling the emphases of the Old Testament:

Do not think that I have come to abolish the law or the prophets. I have not come to abolish these things but to fulfill them. I tell you the truth, until heaven and earth pass away not the smallest letter or stroke of a letter will pass from the law until everything takes place."

(Matt. 5:17-18)

As France observes, Jesus is teaching that, "The authority of law and the prophets is not abolished. They remain the authoritative word of God. But their role will not be the same, now that what they pointed forward to has come." 23 Later in his ministry Jesus challenged a wealthy man that if he truly wanted to enter into life, he must "Keep the commandments" (Matt. 19:17). That is, he must live out words of Scripture to their full extent (vv. 18-20). As Osborne points out, "Turning to God demands not just good works but obedience to God's commandments.... To discover 'life' one must begin with obedience'... i.e., living life according to God's will."24 Here Jesus brings together the need to both the crucial importance of both following the will of God and living out the Word of God.

Jesus was also a prime example of one who followed a rigorous and consistent prayer life. His prayer time is often noted in the gospels. For example, on one occasion it preceded his rescuing of his disciples from a raging storm (Matt. 4:22-32). It is scarcely surprising that toward the end of his life he prayed fervently to the Father reasserting his determination to follow the Father's will: "My Father, if possible, let this cup pass from me! Yet not what I will, but what you will" (Matt. 36:39; cf. vv. 42-44; John 17:1-26). Even as he hung on the cross he cried out in prayer to the Father, "My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?" (Matt. 27:46). Although these words have often misconstrued, in his prayer Jesus is citing Psalm 22:1:

By citing the opening verse of <u>Psalm 22</u>, Jesus was inviting all to understand his divine

mission and his intense struggle as the Godman.... He, the sinless One, the Holy One, was undergoing the penalty for a sinful humanity. Although he knew that this was the moment for which he had come and that victory lay ahead, the experience must have been indescribably horrendous.²⁵

His last words once again spoke of his trust and devotion to the will of the Father: "Father, into your hands I commit my spirit!"

Rather than viewing Jesus' life as some do simply as a tragic failure culminating in martyrdom, we should remember his life as one of success and final triumph. He accomplished all that the Father had sent him to do (cf. John 3:13-17). Accordingly, his death was transformed into a glorious resurrection (John 20:17, 21; cf. Matt. 28:1-7) followed by his ascension and return to heaven (Acts 1:9-11). These events not only served as a capstone and testimony to Jesus' earthly life and ministry, but became for believers a source of assurance of eternal life with the Lord (cf. John 14:1-3). As Jesus himself declared, "I am the resurrection and the life. The one who believes in me will live, even if he dies, and the one who lives and believes in me will never die" (John 11:25-26). It is a promise that remains for all ages.

Application

From a study of both Testaments it may safely be concluded that genuine spiritual success and real living are found in a threefold key: (1) a faithful obedience to the Lord and his will; (2) walking faithfully according to the revealed standards in the Word of God; and (3) being faithful in observing a consistent prayer life. As we have just noticed, such is exemplified in Jesus' earthly life and ministry. Thus because believers are united to the risen Christ and indwelled by the Holy Spirit, they have been given the potential of life on the highest plain (cf. Rom. 12:1-2; Col 1:27). As did Jesus Christ, then, believers can and should exercise the threefold key. Above all, they should willingly and gladly be submissive to the will of God. The result will be a desire to share that key to success with others. The believer will thus have and enjoy an active ministry for Christ. When believers do so, they will come to understand more fully Paul's closing testimony:

I have competed well; I have finished the race; I have kept the faith! Finally, the crown of righteousness is reserved for me. The Lord, the righteous judge, will award it to me in that day-and not to me only, but also to all who have set their affection on his appearing. 2 Tim. 4:7-8) Although Paul is utilizing imagery associated with the well-known Greek races, 26 the underlying emphasis is that Paul's "perseverance in the struggle and faithful completion of his task will be followed by a heavenly reward."27

Paul's confidence in his faithful adherence to the Lord's will and to his revealed standards can be seen in his instructions to the Philippian Christians during his first Roman imprisonment:

Finally brothers and sisters, whatever is true, whatever is worthy of respect, whatever is just, whatever is pure, whatever is lovely, whatever is commendable, if something is excellent or praiseworthy. Think about these things. And what you learned and received and heard and saw in me, do these things. And the God of peace will be with you. (Phil. 4:8-9)

His was a consistent walk —even as he taught

His was a consistent walk —even as he taught his readers:

Every scripture is inspired by God and useful for teaching, for reproof, for correction, and for training in righteousness that the person dedicated to God may be capable and equipped for every good work. (2 Tim. 3:16-17)

Moreover, the believer has a distinct helper in accomplishing these things, for Christ promised to send the Holy Spirit who will "guide you into all truth" (John 16:13). The third key to spiritual success is also realizable due to the believer's union with the risen Christ and his being indwelled by the Holy Spirit enables him to pray more effectively:

The Spirit helps us in our weakness for we do not know how we should pray, but the Spirit himself intercedes for us with inexpressible groaning. And he who searches our hearts knows the mind of the Spirit, because the Spirit intercedes on behalf of the saints according to God's will. (Rom. 8:26-27)

Therefore, believers can and should maintain a consistent prayer life. Prayer remains a vital element in a successful Christian life. Although the faithful believer often senses the presence of the Lord in what takes place in his life, (cf. Ps. 73:26), this is especially true as he prays,

Teach me to do your will, for you are my God.

May your gracious Spirit lead me on level ground. (Ps. 143:10; HCSB)

May we each, then, remain faithful in utilizing the threefold key to success to our everyday life and as we do we may sing with the hymn writer:

Teach me Thy will, O Lord, teach me Thy way; Teach me to know Thy Word, Teach me to pray.

What-e'er seems best to Thee, that be my perfect plea,

So that Thou drawest me closer each day. Yes, the faithful believer may enjoy spiritual success in this life and he may be certain that when this life has passed, he will enjoy the crowning success of an eternal life and fellowship with the Lord (cf. John 14:1-3). Moreover, as the capstone of all of this, one day the Lord Jesus Christ will return and be with his saints in an everlasting life on earth (cf. 1 Thess. 4:13-18; Rev. 21-22).

Meanwhile, let us as faithful believers enjoy the fruits of utilizing the threefold key to success, mindful of sharing that key with others, so that all may come to know Christ (cf. Matt. 28:19-20; Acts 1:8). Let us also be mindful of the One who gives us the ability to live and experience the true successful Christian life (Gal. 2:20). And as we do, Not I, but Christ, be honored, loved, and exalted;

Not I, but Christ, be seen be known, be heard; Not I, but Christ, in every look and action; Not I, but Christ, in every thought and word.²⁹

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Dr. Patterson's accomplishments include a wealth of publications. His expertise can be found in the many published articles and commentaries, such as The Expositor's Bible Commentary. In addition, he was a contributor and editor for several different Bible translations. Dr. Patterson has also authored or co-authored several books. One of these is "Face to Face With God: Human Images of God in the Bible" published by Biblical Studies Press 2008. He also has written numerous articles for Grace Theological Journal, the Journal of the Evangelical Theological Society, and other scholarly journals.

VISI DAN TUJUAN ICCC

International Christian Chamber of Commerce (ICCC) lahir dari kepatuhan terhadap visi yang diberikan selama kurun waktu enam tahun kepada seorang usahawan Swedia J. Gunnar Olson, yang diteguhkan dengan nubuatan dan terbukanya pintu kesempatan disekitarnya yang sebelumnya tertutup.

ICCC merupakan panggilan vang serius dan menantang bagi pengusaha untuk mengenali jaman yang sedang kita masuki dan dengan terang dari pengenalan itu memasuki dimensi iman yang baru disediakan yang bagi mereka yang ..." takut akan TUHAN ... berbicara satu sama lain ... dan menghormati namaNya." (Maleakhi 3: 16)



Visi ini memanggil para pengusaha dan kaum profesi di seluruh dunia yang terbeban untuk saling berhubungan, bertukar pendapat, memperdagang-kan barang dan menyediakan jasa, saling mendukung dan menguatkan secara rohani dan materi. Berdasarkan eksistensi dari visi itu sendiri memproklamirkan otoritas Kristus yang mutlak diseluruh dunia.

Pada intinya ICCC adalah kehendak TUHAN untuk memperluas tali kasih-Nya, melalui gereja-Nya, didalam dunia usaha. Hal ini menuntut para pelaku bisnis mencari terlebih dahulu Kerajaan-Nya dan segala Kebenaran-Nya.

Urapan tersedia bagi mereka yang dengan mata melihat dan telinga mendengar panggilan jaman.

Sebagaimana halnya Raja Daud yang menerima urapan untuk menjadi raja, jauh sebelum dia menjadi Raja, yang keadaan pada saat urapan diberikan sama sekali tidak mungkin bagi Daud untuk menjadi Raja, demikianlah ICCC memanggil para pengusaha Kristen sebelum peristiwanya terjadi untuk mengalami kebebasan masuk ke dalam dimensi baru, dimana sasaran, strategi dan perencanaan bersama-sma diwujud-nyatakan sesuai dengan iman di dalam Kristus.

ICCC mencanangkan panggilan itu sejalan dengan rencana TUHAN bagi jaman ini sebagai kunci memperoleh berkat dan pertumbuhan dan agar dapat bangkit berkemenangan diatas gelombang ombak yang mengancam.

Panggilan ICCC: "Mereka akan menjadi milik kesayanganKu sendiri, firman TUHAN semesta Alam pada hari yang Kusiapkan. Aku akan mengasihi mereka sama seperti seseorang menyayangi anaknya yang melayani dia. Maka kamu akan melihat kembali perbedaan antara orang benar dan orang fasik, antara orang yang beribadah kepada TUHAN dan orang yang tidak beribadah kepadaNya." (Maleakhi 3: 17-18)

KEYAKINAN IMAN ICCC:

- Satu-satunya TUHAN pencipta segala sesuatu dalam kesatuan Trinitas: Bapa, Anak, dan Roh Kudus.
- Keilahian TUHAN Yesus Kristus. Kelahiran-Nya dari rahim seorang Perawan. Karya penebusan dosa manusia melalui kematian-Nya diatas kayu salib. Kebangkitan-Nya. Hak otoriatas diri-Nya atas dunia dan Kedatangan-Nya yang kedua kali dalam Kuasa dan Kemuliaan-Nya.
- Alkitab, sepenuhnya sebagai Firman TUHAN yang memberikan inspirasi dan berbagai peraturan bagi kehidupan yang dilandasi iman.
- Keselamatan pribadi orang berdosa dan kebutuhannya untuk mengalami proses regenerasi melalui8 karya Roh Kudus dalam menuju menjadikannya sebagai manusia yang dikehendaki oleh TUHAN, seutuhnya.



Transformed Working Life (TWL) adalah Pelatihan resmi dari Kantor Internasional bagi anggota ICCC dalam memperlengkapi anggota dengan pengetahuan dan pemahaman latar belakang, tujuan dan penerapan prinsip-prinsip Kerajaan TUHAN bagi dunia bisnis dan profesi.

TWL diperuntukkan bagi anggota dan dapat diikuti secara cuma-cuma, namun terbuka juga bagi siapa saja yang berminat untuk mengikutinya.

TWL diselenggarakan dalam bahasa Indonesia dan dilengkapi dengan buku panduannya, yang telah diterjemahkan kedalam Bahasa Indonesia juga, sehingga para peserta betul-betul akan memperoleh manfa'at yang besar dan mengalami transformasi dalam kehidupan pribadi maupun bisnisnya.

TWL difasilitasi oleh anggota National Board yang terlatih dan dikoordinir oleh V.P. Teaching: Benjamin B. Juwono bersama dengan Teaching Team: Johanis S. Najoan dan Eliezer H. Hardjo

Transformed Working Life (TWL) akan ditayangkan dalam salah satu channel di Indonesia agar dapat dimanfaatkan oleh para pebisnis & profesional Kristiani di Indonesia bagaimana menerapkan prinsip-prinsip Kerajaan Tuhan dalam kehidupan berbisnis dan bekerja mereka.

TWL bagi members secara rutin diadakan pada hari Sabtu ke 2 setiap bulan dan terbuka dan dianjurkan bagi semua member untuk mengikutinya sebagai pembekalan wajib.

DEVOTIONAL



Prayer to Keep God First this New Year:

12 Verses of Renewal

The New Year can often bring a mixed bag of emotions and memories for many of us. Some may have just experienced the best year ever and look forward to an even greater one looming ahead. Others may have just trudged through one deep struggle after another. The fresh calendar year brings desperate hope for things to be better, with an ache for the still-fresh wounds to slowly begin their process of healing.

Whether you've just walked through the greatest year of your life, or are incredibly glad to see this one finally over, one truth still rings clear amidst it all.

You are not alone.

Not ever.

Our God is a "with us" God. On the heels of the celebration of the birth of our King, that reminder has the power to carry us right into a fresh, new start. He is Immanuel, God with us. And though things and people around us shift and change, our God never changes.

A Prayer for the New Year Ahead:

Dear God.

Thank you that you make all things new. Thank you for all that you've allowed into our lives this past year, the good along with the hard things, which have reminded us how much we need you and rely on your presence filling us every single day.

We pray for your Spirit to lead us each step of this New Year. We ask that you will guide our decisions and turn our hearts to deeply desire you above all else. We ask that you will open doors needing to be opened and close the ones needing to be shut tight. We ask that you would help us release our grip on the things to which you've said "no," "not yet," or "wait." We ask for help to pursue you first, above every dream and desire you've put within our hearts.

We ask for your wisdom, for your strength and power to be constantly present within us. We pray you would make us strong and courageous for the road ahead. Give us ability beyond what we feel able, let your gifts flow freely through us, so that you would be honored by our lives, and others would be drawn to you.

We pray that you'd keep us far from the snares and traps of temptations. That you would whisper in our ear when we need to run, and whisper in our heart when we need to stand our ground.

We pray for your protection over our families and friends. We ask for your hand to cover us and keep us distanced from the evil intent of the enemy; that you would be a barrier to surround us, that we'd be safe in your hands. We pray that you would give us discernment and insight beyond our years, to understand your will, hear your voice, and know your ways.

We ask that you would keep our footsteps firm, on solid ground, helping us to be consistent and faithful. Give us supernatural endurance to stay the course, not swerving to the right or to the left, or being too easily distracted by other things that would seek to call us away from a close walk with you.

Forgive us for the times we have worked so hard to be self-sufficient, forgetting our need for you, living independent of your spirit. Forgive us for letting fear and worry control our minds, and for allowing pride and selfishness wreak havoc over our lives. Forgive us for not following your ways and for living distant from your presence.

We confess our need for you...fresh...new...again. We ask that you make all things new, in our hearts, in our minds, in our lives, for this coming year. We pray for your refreshing over us.

Keep your words of truth planted firm within us, help us to keep focused on what is pure and right, give us the power to be obedient to your word. And when the enemy reminds us where we have been, hissing his lies and attacks our way, we trust that your voice speaks louder and stronger, as you remind us we are safe with you and your purposes and plans will not fail. We ask that you will be our defense and rear guard, keeping our way clear, removing the obstacles, and covering the pitfalls. Lord, lead us on your level ground.

We ask that you would provide for our needs, we ask for your grace and favor. We pray for your blessings to cover us, we pray that you would help us to prosper and make every plan that you have birthed in our heart to succeed. We pray that others would take notice of your goodness and could not help but to say, "These are the ones that the Lord has blessed."

Help us to be known as great givers, help us to be generous and kind, help us to look to the needs of others and not be consumed by only our own.

May we be lovers of truth, may the fruits of your spirit be evident in our lives - your love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness, and self-control.

Shine your light in us, through us, over us. May we make a difference in this world, for your glory and purposes. Set you way before us. May all your plans succeed. We may reflect your peace and hope to a

world that so desperately needs your presence and healing.

To you be glory and honor, in this New Year, and forever.

In Jesus' name,

Amen.

12 Verses of Renewal and Hope for the Coming Year:

"And he who was seated on the throne said, "Behold, I am making all things new." Also he said, "Write this down, for these words are trustworthy and true." Rev. 21:5

"The steadfast love of the Lord never ceases, his mercies never come to an end; they are new every morning; great is your faithfulness." Lam. 3:22-23

"Remember not the former things, nor consider the things of old. Behold, I am doing a new thing; now it springs forth, do you not perceive it? I will make a way in the wilderness and rivers in the desert." Is. 43:18-19

"Therefore, if anyone is in Christ, he is a new creation. The old has passed away; behold, the new has come." 2 Cor. 5:17

"Brothers, I do not consider that I have made it my own. But one thing I do: forgetting what lies behind and straining forward to what lies ahead." Phil. 3:13

"Therefore repent and return, so that your sins may be wiped away, in order that times of refreshing may come from the presence of the Lord." Acts 3:19

"For I know the plans I have for you, declares the Lord, plans for welfare and not for evil, to give you a future and a hope." Jer. 29:11

"But they who wait for the Lord shall renew their strength; they shall mount up with wings like

eagles; they shall run and not be weary; they shall	
walk and not faint." Is. 40:31	
"I will give them an undivided heart and put a new spirit in them" Ez. 11:19	
"Trust in the Lord with all your heart and lean not on your own understanding; in all your ways submit to him, and he will make your paths straight." Prov. 3:5-6	
"May he give you the desire of your heart and make all your plans succeed." Ps. 20:4	
"You crown the year with your goodness, and your paths drip with abundance." Ps. 65:11	
Debbie McDaniel is a writer, pastor's wife, mom to three amazing kids (and a lot of pets). Join her each morning on Fresh Day Ahead's facebook page, http://www.facebook.com/DebbieWebbMcDaniel	
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